# Savitribai Phule Pune University Syllabus for the MA (Political Science) Online Entrance Examination 2025-26

Section: A: General Aptitude

20 questions for 1 Mark Total Marks: 20

- I) General Knowledge
- II) Logical Reasoning
- III) Comprehension
- IV) Current Affairs

**Section: B: Subject Specific** 

40 questions for 2 Marks Total Marks:80

#### UNIT 1

#### INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

- **Topic 1**: Background and Salient Features of the Indian Constitution
  - a) Formation of the Constituent Assembly
  - b) Philosophy of the Preamble to the Indian Constitution
  - c) Major Features: Parliamentary Democracy, Federalism, Independent Judiciary, Social Justice and Social Transformation
- **Topic 2:** Fundamental Rights, Duties and the Directive Principles of State Policy
  - a) Nature of Fundamental Rights Major Fundamental Rights-Right to Equality, Right to Liberty, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights
  - b) Importance of Fundamental Duties
  - c) Nature and Significance of Directive Principles of State Policy
- **Topic 3**: Federalism
  - a) Salient Features of Indian Federalism
  - b) Centre –State Relations
  - c) Issues of Conflict-Water Issues, Border Issues and Sharing of Resources
- **Topic 4**: Structure of the Union Government Legislature, Executive, Judiciary
  - a) Union Legislature Structure, Powers and Role
  - b) Union Executive President, Prime Minister and the Cabinet: Role and Functions
  - c) Judiciary Nature of the Judiciary, Supreme Court: Powers and Functions
- **Topic 5**: Structure of State Government Legislature, Executive, Judiciary
  - a) State Legislature Structure, Powers and Role

- b) State Executive Governor, Chief Minister and the Cabinet: Role and Functions
- c) Judiciary- Nature of the Judiciary, High Court: Powers and Functions

# Topic 6: Party System and Elections

- a) Nature and Changing Pattern of the Party System
- b) Elections Election Commission: Major Features of the Electoral System and Patterns of Voting Behavior
- c) Rise and Role of Regional Parties

# Topic 7: Role of Caste and Religion in Indian Politics

- a) Caste and Politics of Identity
- b) Rise of OBCs
- c) Religion and Politics of Communalism

#### **Topic 8**: Issues of Regionalism and Development

- a) Causes and Patterns of Regionalism
- b) Issues of Development Uneven Development Leading to Regional Imbalance, Poverty Eradication, Health and Education

#### **UNIT 2 MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

# **Topic 1**: Jotiba Phule (1827-1890)

- a) Radical liberalism
- b) Critique of Brahmanism and money lenders
- c) Views on emancipation of Shudra-Atishudra and Women
- d) Doctrine of Sarvajnik Satyadharma

#### **Topic 2:** M.G.Ranade (1842-1901)

- a) Liberalism
- b) Understanding of British Rule in India
- c) Views on State and Economy
- d) Views on Social Reforms

#### **Topic 3:** B.G.Tilak (1856-1920)

- a) Tilak's theory of Nationalism
- b) Views on 'Swarajya'
- c) Critique of Social Reformism
- d) Doctrine of 'Loksangraha'

#### **Topic 4**: M.K.Gandhi (1869-1948)

a) Theory of Satyagraha-Meaning of Non Violence, Ends and Means Debate, Forms of

#### Satyagraha

- b) Critique of Western Civilization
- c) Views on Sarvodaya
- d) Views on Communal Harmony

#### **Topic 5:** B.R. Ambedkar (1891-1956)

- a) Critique of the Caste System and Ways to Annihilate the Caste System
- b) Theory of Social Democracy
- c) Views on State Socialism
- d) Doctrine of Dhamma

# **Topic 6**: M.N.Roy (1887-1954)

- a) Understanding of Marxism
- b) Understanding and Critique of Indian National Movement
- c) Radical Humanism

#### **Topic 7:** V.D.Savarkar (1883-1966)

- a) Theory of Hindutva
- b) Understanding and Critique of British Rule in India
- c) Views on Eradication of Caste Discrimination
- d) Savarkar's views on Religion and Science

## **Topic 8**: Abul Kalam Azad (1888-1958)

- a) Theory of Nationalism
- b) Interpretation of Islam
- c) Views on Communal Harmony
- d) Pan –Islamism

#### **UNIT 3 POLITICAL THEORY& CONCEPTS**

#### **Topic 1:** Introducing Political Theory

- a) Definition, Nature &Scope
- b) Traditions of Political Theory: Liberal & Conservative

# Topic 2: State

- a) Definition, Meaning and Elements
- b) Perspectives on State (Liberal, Marxist)

## **Topic 3:** Power & Authority

- a) Conceptions of Power, Power as Exploitation, Authority, Hegemony, Foucault on Power
- b) Authority: Meaning, Nature & Forms

#### Topic 4: Rights and Justice

- a) Meaning, Nature & Kinds of Rights
- b) Dimensions of Justice (Social, Economic, Political)

## **Topic 5:** Liberty and Equality

- a) Liberty: Meaning, Nature, Classificati: Negative & Positive Liberty
- b) Equality: Meaning, Nature, Types of Equality: Equality of Opportunity, Political Equality; Affirmative Action

# Topic 6: Democracy

- a) The Concept of Democracy; Direct, Participatory & Liberal Democracy
- b) Perspectives on Democracy

## **Topic 7:** Sovereignty

- a) Meaning & Characteristics of Sovereignty
- b) Theory of Popular Sovereignty

## **Topic 8:** Globalisation

- a) Definition, Meaning
- b) Impact of Globalisation

#### **UNIT 4 POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY**

- **Topic 1:** Definition, Nature and Scope of Political Sociology
- **Topic 2:** Intellectual Foundations of Political Sociology
  - a) Marx, b) Max Weber, c) Behavioral Approach

#### **Topic 3**: Political Culture.

- a) Meaning and Nature
- b) Types of Political Culture

#### **Topic 4:** Political Socialization:

a) Process and Agencies of Socialization

# **Topic 5:** Political Ideology

a) Meaning and Nature

## **Topic 6:** Political Participation

- a) Meaning and Nature
- b) Levels of Participation
- c) Agencies of Recruitment

# **Topic 7:** Legitimacy and Influence

- a) Meaning and Nature
- b) Types

# **Topic 8:** Political Change, Political Development.

- a. Meaning and Nature
- b. Types of Political Change
- c) Concept of Political Development

# UNIT 5 INTERNATIONAL POLITICS

# **Topic 1:** International Politics

- a) Nature and Scope
- b) Theories of Idealism and Realism

# **Topic 2:** Approaches to the Study of International Relations

- a) Power Approach
- b) Decision Making Approach
- c) Systems Approach

## **Topic 3:** Power

- a) Meaning b) Elements
- c) Changing Nature of National Power

## Topic 4: Balance of Power

- a) Meaning and Nature b) Characteristics
- c) Changing Nature of Balance of Power

## **Topic 5:** Security

- a) Meaning and definition
- b) Regional Security
- c) Collective Security

# **Topic 6:** Diplomacy

- a) Meaning b) Types of Diplomacy
- c) Challenges to Diplomacy

## **Topic 7**: Disarmament

- a) Meaning and Nature b) Types
- c) Issues and Challenges

# **Topic 8**: Issues in International Politics

- a) Human Rights
- b) Terrorism

# UNIT 6 PUBLIC ADMINISTRAION

## **Topic 1:** Public Administration

- a) Meaning
- b) Nature
- c) Scope and Significance

# **Topic 2:** New Public Administration

- a) Evolution b) Salient Features
- c) Goals

# **Topic 3:** Approaches to Public Administration.

- a) Traditional Approach
- b) Behavioral Approach
- c) Systems Approach

#### **Topic 4**: Governance

- a) Idea of Good Governance b) E-Governance
- c) Public Private Partnership

## **Topic 5:-** Bureaucracy

- a) Meaning and Definitions
- b) Administrative Reforms

## **Topic 6:** - Personnel Administration

- a) Recruitment
- b) Training c) Promotion

## Topic 7: Budget

a) Meaning and types b) Budgetary Process in India

# **Topic 8:** Accountability and Control

- a) Administrative Accountability
- b) Legislative Control
- c) Judicial Control